FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 17 NUMBER 235

Washington, Wednesday, December 3, 1952

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10415

AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9949,[1] ENTITLED "MODIFYING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9721, PROVIDING FOR THE TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL TO CERTAIN PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS"

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Civil Service Act (22 Stat. 403) and section 1753 of the Revised Statutes, and as President of the United States, I hereby amend Executive Order No. 9949, entitled "Modifying Executive Order No. 9721, Providing for the Transfer of Personnel to Certain Public International Organizations", by striking out the words "within five years from the date of his transfer to such Board", occurring in the second paragraph of the said order, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "on or before December 31, 1953".

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12872; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:09 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10416

AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDERS NO. 10251[2] AND NO. 10282,[3] SUSPENDING THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW AS TO CERTAIN LABORERS AND MECHANICS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, RESPECTIVELY

By virtue of the authority vested in me by section 1 of the act of August 1, 1892, 27 Stat. 340, as amended by the act of March 3, 1913, 37 Stat. 726 (40 U. S. C. 321), and as President of the United States, it is ordered that Executive Order No. 10251 of June 7, 1951, and Executive Order No. 10282 of August 29, 1951, suspending the eight-hour law with respect to laborers and mechanics employed by the Department of Defense and the Department of the Interior, respectively, on public work essential to the national defense, be, and they are hereby, amended as follows:

The proviso in the penultimate paragraph of each of the said orders fixing the rate of pay for overtime thereunder is amended to read as follows:

"*Provided*, that the wages of all laborers and mechanics so employed shall be computed on a basic day rate of eight hours of work with overtime to be paid at a rate not less than time and one-half for all hours of work in excess of eight hours in any one day."

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12873; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:09 p. m.]

[1] 13 F. R. 2089.
[2] 16 F. R. 5465.
[3] 16 F. R. 8813.

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Production and Marketing Administration (Agricultural Adjustment), Department of Agriculture

PART 723—CIGAR-FILLER TOBACCO, AND CIGAR-FILLER AND BINDER TOBACCO

PROCLAMATION OF THE RESULTS OF MARKETING QUOTA REFERENDA

Sec.
723.404 Basis and purpose.
723.405 Proclamation of the results of the cigar-filler tobacco marketing quota referendum for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953.
723.406 Proclamation of the results of the cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco marketing quota referendum for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953.

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THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Federal Register Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U. S. C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for $1.50 per month or $15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies (minimum 15¢) varies in proportion to the size of the issue. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

CODIFICATION GUIDE—Con.

AUTHORITY: §§ 723.404 to 723.406 issued under sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply sec. 312, 52 Stat. 46, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1312.

§ 723.404 *Basis and purpose.* Sections 723.404 to 723.406 are issued to announce the results of the cigar-filler tobacco and cigar-filler and cigarbinder tobacco marketing quota referenda for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953. Under the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, the Secretary proclaimed a national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco and for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the 1953–54 marketing year (17 F. R. 8892). The Secretary announced (17 F. R. 8924) that referenda would be held on October 29, 1952, to determine whether cigar-filler tobacco producers and cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco producers were in favor of or opposed to marketing quotas for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and to determine whether cigar-filler tobacco producers and cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco producers were in favor of or opposed to marketing quotas for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953. Since the only purpose of this proclamation is to announce the results of the referenda, it is hereby found and determined that with respect to this proclamation, application of the notice and procedure provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003) is unnecessary.

§ 723.405 *Proclamation of the results of the cigar-filler tobacco marketing quota referendum for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953.* In a referendum of farmers engaged in the production of the 1952 crop of cigar-filler tobacco held on October 29, 1952, 1,670 farmers voted. Of those voting 440 or 26.3 percent favored quotas for a period of three years beginning October 1, 1953; 202 or 12.1 percent favored quotas for only the one year beginning October 1, 1953; and 1,028 or 61.6 percent were opposed to quotas. Since more than one-third of the farmers voting opposed quotas, the national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, proclaimed on October 1, 1952 (17 F. R. 8892) becomes ineffective. Therefore, marketing quotas will not be in effect on cigar-filler tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953.

§ 723.406 *Proclamation of the results of the cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco marketing quota referendum for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1953, and for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1953.* In a referendum of farmers engaged in the production of the 1952 crop of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco held on October 29, 1952, 4,854 farmers voted. Of those voting 2,994 or 61.7 percent favored quotas for a period of three years beginning October 1, 1953; 643 or 13.2 percent favored quotas for only the one year beginning October 1, 1953; and 1,217 or 25.1 percent were opposed to quotas. Therefore, the national marketing quota of 77,000,000 pounds proclaimed on October 1, 1952 (17 F. R. 8892) for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the 1953–54 marketing year will be in effect for the year beginning October 1, 1953.

Done at Washington, D. C. this 28th day of November, 1952. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12808; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

[1026 (Peanuts–51)–5, Amdt. 1]

PART 729—PEANUTS

REGULATIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTION OF PROCEEDS RECEIVED BY COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION FROM SALE OF VALENCIA TYPE EXCESS PEANUTS OF 1951 CROP FOR CLEANING AND SHELLING

Basis and purpose. The amendment contained herein permits the State or County PMA Committee to make payment to the Treasurer of the United States of amounts due a producer from distribution of proceeds received by Commodity Credit Corporation from the sale of Valencia type excess peanuts of the 1951 crop for cleaning and shelling, to the extent of any indebtedness of the producer to the United States, in any instance where a producer cannot be located or has failed or refused to sign an application for payment without good cause.

Prior to preparing this amendment, public notice of its formulation was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (17 F. R. 9563) in accordance with section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5

U. S. C. 1003). No data, views, or recommendations pertaining to the amendment were received within the time prescribed.

Section 729.289 of the Regulations Governing the Distribution of Proceeds Received by Commodity Credit Corporation from the Sale of Valencia Type Excess Peanuts of the 1951 Crop for Cleaning and Shelling (17 F. R. 4644) is hereby changed to read as follows:

§ 729.289 *Application for payment.* In order to receive payment, each producer must sign an application for payment (CCC Peanut Form 836) certifying the correctness of his percentage and poundage shares. The applicable provisions of the "General Procedure for Applications for Payment", PMA Instruction No. 1066.1 (formerly ACP–207), a copy of which shall be available for public inspection in the office of each county committee, shall apply to the signing of applications for payment or other documents under these regulations. The county committee shall make the application for payment with respect to each farm available for signature by the producer(s) either in the office of the county committee or by mailing such application for payment to the farm operator with a request that he obtain each producer's signature on such application. The county committee shall mail to each producer, at his last known address, a notice informing him whether the application for payment is available in the office of the county committee for signature or is being mailed to the farm operator for signature by each producer. Such notice shall specify the time within which all producers must sign such application and, if the application was mailed to the farm operator, the notice shall also specify the time within which the application must be returned to the county committee. No payment shall be made to any producer on the farm until all producers on the farm have signed the application for payment: *Provided, however,* That, if the county committee determines, after expiration of the time for signature specified in the notice to each producer, that any producer cannot be located or that he has failed or refused to sign such application without good cause, the county committee may determine the amount due each producer in accordance with § 729.288 and payment may be made on the basis of such determination to each producer who has signed such application, and such determination of amount due and payments made thereunder shall be final and conclusive with respect to all producers on the farm: *And provided, further,* That if the county committee determines, after expiration of the time for signature specified in the notice to each producer, that any producer, who it determined could not be located or had refused to sign such application without due cause, is indebted to the United States, the State or county committee shall issue a sight draft on Commodity Credit Corporation, in favor of the Treasurer of the United States, for the smaller of (a) the amount of the producer's indebtedness to the United States or (b) the amount due the producer determined in accordance with § 729.288, and shall mail to the producer, at his last known address, a notice informing him of the action taken; such action by the county committee shall not, however, irrespective of whatever period of time for signature was specified in the original notice to each producer, be taken prior to sixty days from the date of such notice, and shall not affect any right of the debtor to contest the justness of the indebtedness involved either by administrative appeal or by legal action.

(Sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1952. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12807; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

PART 949—MILK IN SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, MARKETING AREA

ORDER AMENDING ORDER REGULATING HANDLING

§ 949.0 *Findings and determinations.* The findings and determinations hereinafter set forth are supplementary and in addition to the findings and determinations previously made in connection with the issuance of the aforesaid order; and all of said previous findings and determinations are hereby ratified and affirmed, except insofar as such findings and determinations may be in conflict with the findings and determinations set forth herein.

(a) *Findings upon the basis of the hearing record.* Pursuant to the provisions of the Agriculture Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), a public hearing was held upon proposed amendments to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order, regulating the handling of milk in the San Antonio, Texas, marketing area. Upon the basis of the evidence introduced at such hearing and the record thereof, it is found that:

(1) The said order as hereby amended, and all of the terms and conditions of said order as hereby amended, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(2) The parity prices of milk produced for sale in the said marketing area as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supply of and demand for such milk, and the minimum prices specified in the order as hereby amended, are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk and be in the public interest; and

(3) The said order as hereby amended regulates the handling of milk in the same manner as and is applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held.

(b) *Additional findings.* It is necessary, in the public interest, to make this order, amending the order, effective not later than December 1, 1952. Any delay beyond that date in the effective date of this order would result in hardship to producers whose pastures and fields have been seriously affected by drought and heat. Supplies of producer milk in San Antonio would suffer because of shifting of milk to other markets or because of decreased milk production on the dairy farms supplying San Antonio handlers.

The provisions of the said order are known to handlers, having been published in a decision which appeared in the FEDERAL REGISTER November 22, 1952 (17 F. R. 10658). The changes effected by this order will not require extensive preparation or substantial alteration in method of operation for handlers. It is hereby found therefore that good cause exists for making this order effective December 1, 1952). (Sec. 4 (c); Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.)

(c) *Determinations.* It is hereby determined that handlers (excluding cooperative associations of producers who are not engaged in processing, distributing or shipping milk covered by this order, amending the order, which is marketed within the San Antonio, Texas, marketing area) of more than 50 per cent of the milk which is marketed within the said marketing area, refused or failed to sign the proposed marketing agreement regulating the handling of milk in the said marketing area, and it is hereby further determined that:

(1) The refusal or failure of such handlers to sign said proposed marketing agreement tends to prevent the effectuation of the declared policy of the act;

(2) The issuance of this order amending the order is the only practical means, pursuant to the declared policy of the act, of advancing the interests of producers of milk which is produced for sale in the said marketing area; and

(3) The issuance of this order amending the order is approved or favored by at least two-thirds of the producers who participated in a referendum thereon and who, during the determined representative period (September 1952), were engaged in the production of milk for sale in the said marketing area.

Order relative to handling. It is therefore ordered, that on and after the effective date hereof, the handling of milk in the San Antonio, Texas, marketing area, shall be in conformity to and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the aforesaid order as hereby amended as follows:

1. Change the period at the end of § 949.51 (c) to a colon and add the fol-

lowing: *"Provided,* That there shall be added to such price 46 cents from the effective date hereof through February 1953, and 23 cents during March 1953."

2. Delete the factor "1.2" in § 949.81 and substitute therefor "1.1".

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1952, to be effective on and after December 1, 1952.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12809; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 42]

PART 608—DANGER AREAS

ALTERATIONS

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Since a military function of the United States is involved, compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is not required. Part 608 is amended as follows:

1. In § 608.14, the Winters, California, area (D–408), published on May 20, 1952 in 17 F. R. 4558, is deleted.

2. In § 608.41, the Cherry Point, North Carolina, areas, published on November 8, 1952 in 17 F. R. 10139, are amended by changing the "Description by geographical coordinates" column to read: "1. (D–123): Beginning at a point 3 statute miles E. of Amber Civil Airway No. 9 at lat. 35°46'15'' N., long. 76°44'00'' W.; clockwise along the arc of a circle with a radius of 60 statute miles centered at lat. 34°54'30'' N., long. 76°53'00'' W. to a point 3 nautical miles from the shoreline at lat. 35°06'05'' N., long. 75°51'05'' W.; southwesterly paralleling the shoreline at a distance of 3 nautical miles to lat. 34°17'50'' N., long. 77°37'35'' W.; clockwise along the arc of a circle with a radius of 60 statute miles centered at lat. 34°54'30'' N., long. 76°53'00'' W. to a point 3 statute miles E. of Amber Civil Airway No. 9 at lat. 34°21'20'' N., long. 77°41'30'' W.; northeasterly paralleling the E. edge of Amber Civil Airway No. 9 at a distance of 3 statute miles to lat. 35°46'15'' N., long. 76°44'00'' W., point of beginning. 2. (D–125): Beginning at a point 3 statute miles E. of Amber Civil Airway No. 9 at lat. 35°46'15'' N., long. 76°44'00'' W.; southwesterly paralleling the E. edge of Amber Civil Airway No. 9 at a distance of 3 statute miles to lat. 34°21'20'' N., long. 77°41'30'' W.; clockwise along the arc of a circle with a radius of 60 statute miles centered at lat. 34°54'30'' N., long. 76°53'00'' W. to lat. 35°46'15'' N., long. 76°44'00'' W., point of beginning."

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on December 5, 1952.

[SEAL] JOSEPH D. BLATT,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12761; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XIV—The Renegotiation Board

Subchapter B—Renegotiation Board Regulations Under the 1951 Act

PART 1459—COSTS ALLOCABLE TO AND ALLOWABLE AGAINST RENEGOTIABLE BUSINESS

OTHER COSTS, EXPENSES AND RESERVES

Section 1459.8 is amended by adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

(e) *Research and development expenses.* (1) Research and development expenses allowable as costs under the Internal Revenue Code for the year under review will be allocated to renegotiable business to the extent that such expenses are required for, or incidental to the performance of, any renegotiable contract.

(2) Other research and development expenses, likewise allowable in the year under review as costs under the Internal Revenue Code, may be allocated to renegotiable business under certain conditions, as follows:

(i) If the expense was incurred in accordance with the usual business practice of the contractor, in basic research not immediately related to any current business but expected to produce ultimate benefit to the contractor's business as a whole; or

(ii) If the expense was incurred in developing processes or products as a preparation to enable the contractor to bid or negotiate for future defense business, or to perform such business more efficiently.

(3) If the contractor has incurred in prior years research and development expenses which benefit performance of current renegotiable business, such expenses, to the extent that they exceed costs allowed under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph and were not allowed as costs or considered in any prior renegotiation, may be considered under the provisions of § 1460.10 of this subchapter.

(4) Research and development expenses not meeting the foregoing criteria, and in particular such expenses incurred for product or process research in preparation for reconversion and post-emergency non-defense business, may not be allocated in any part to renegotiable business, or considered in renegotiation for any year.

(5) In some cases, a contractor may capitalize expenditures on research and development, pursuant to its method of accounting employed for tax purposes. Such expenditures are then of course not allowable as costs in renegotiation. However, at times there may be deductions allowed for Federal tax purposes, when such expenditures are later charged off in whole or in part. The allocation of such deductions to renegotiable business will be governed by the principles set forth above with respect to allocation of costs.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: November 26, 1952.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12758; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

PART 1466—TERMINATION OF RENEGOTIATION

Sec.
1466.1 Statutory provision.
1466.2 Definition of "termination date."
1466.3 Renegotiability of amounts received or accrued and allowability of costs paid or incurred after termination date.
1466.4 Fiscal year proceedings in which amounts received or accrued and costs paid or incurred after the termination date will be considered.

AUTHORITY: §§ 1466.1 to 1466.4 issued under sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219. Interpret or apply sec. 102, 65 Stat. 8; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1212.

§ 1466.1 *Statutory provision.* Section 102 (a) of the act provides as follows:

The provisions of this title shall be applicable (1) to all contracts with the Departments specifically named in section 103 (a), and related subcontracts, to the extent of the amounts received or accrued by a contractor or subcontractor on or after the first day of January 1951, whether such contracts or subcontracts were made on, before, or after such first day, and (2) to all contracts with the Departments designated by the President under section 103 (a), and related subcontracts, to the extent of the amounts received or accrued by a contractor or subcontractor on or after the first day of the first month beginning after the date of such designation, whether such contracts or subcontracts were made on, before, or after such first day; but the provisions of this title shall not be applicable to receipts or accruals attributable to performance, under contracts or subcontracts, after December 31, 1953.

§ 1466.2 *Definition of "termination date."* "Termination date" means December 31, 1953.

§ 1466.3 *Renegotiability of amounts received or accrued and allowability of costs paid or incurred after termination date*—(a) *In general.* The act applies only to amounts received or accrued which are attributable to performance under contracts on or before the termination date. It is immaterial whether the contracts under which such amounts are derived are completed before or after the termination date. The purpose of this section is to state the circumstances under which amounts received or ac-

crued and costs paid or incurred after the termination date from contracts performed in whole or in part on or before the termination date will be considered to be attributable to performance on or before the termination date.

(b) *Amounts received or accrued—(1) Completed contract method of accounting.* If a contractor, pursuant to § 1459.1 (b) of this subchapter, employed a completed contract method of accounting for the fiscal year of the contractor which included the termination date, there will be considered as attributable to performance on or before the termination date an amount of receipts or accruals which bears the same relationship to the total income derived from the contract as the amount of work performed under the contract on or before the termination date bears to the total amount of work performed under the contract.

(2) *Cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting.* If a contractor, pursuant to § 1459.1 (b) of this subchapter, employed a cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting for the fiscal year of the contractor which included the termination date, only those amounts received on or before the termination date will be considered to be attributable to performance on or before the termination date.

(3) *Other methods of accounting.* If a contractor, pursuant to § 1459.1 (b) of this subchapter, employed for the fiscal year of the contractor which included the termination date a method of accounting other than one of the methods described in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, only those amounts accrued on or before the termination date will be considered to be attributable to performance on or before the termination date.

(4) *When accounting method does not properly reflect renegotiable receipts.* The Board may determine that additional amounts received or accrued by a contractor after the termination date are attributable to performance on or before the termination date when, in the opinion of the Board, the amounts received or accrued on or before the termination date are disproportionate to the performance of the contractor on or before such date. For example, if a manufacturer's representative employs a cash receipts and disbursements method of accounting and if his receipts on or before the termination date are substantially out of proportion to services performed by him on or before the termination date, amounts received after the termination date which are referable to such services will be determined to be attributable to performance on or before the termination date.

(c) *Costs paid or incurred.* Costs paid or incurred after the termination date will be allowed in renegotiation in accordance with the provisions of Part 1459 of this subchapter to the extent that they are paid or incurred in respect of receipts or accruals to which the act applies. Costs paid or incurred on or before the termination date will not be allowed in renegotiation to the extent that they are paid or incurred in respect of receipts or accruals to which the act does not apply by virtue of section 102 (a) thereof and this part.

§ 1466.4 *Fiscal year proceedings in which amounts received or accrued and costs paid or incurred after the termination date will be considered.* Amounts received or accrued after the termination date which are renegotiable pursuant to § 1466.3 will be renegotiated in the renegotiation proceeding relating to the fiscal year in which such amounts were received or accrued in accordance with the method of accounting employed by the contractor pursuant to § 1459.1 (b) of this subchapter for the fiscal year of the contractor which included the termination date. Costs paid or incurred after the termination date which are allowable pursuant to the provisions of § 1466.3 (c) will be allowed in the renegotiation proceeding relating to the fiscal year in which they are paid or incurred in accordance with the method of accounting employed by the contractor pursuant to § 1459.1 (b) of this subchapter for the fiscal year of the contractor which included the termination date.

PART 1470—PRELIMINARY INFORMATION REQUIRED OF CONTRACTORS

Section 1470.3 *Filing of financial statement* is amended by adding a new paragraph (i) to read as follows:

(i) *Fiscal years after termination date.* The Standard Form of Contractor's Report shall be filed for each fiscal year of the contractor ending after the fiscal year which includes the termination date (See § 1466.2 of this subchapter) in which the contractor has received or accrued from renegotiable prime contracts or subcontracts any amounts which the contractor has reason to believe, or which the Board has advised the contractor, are attributable to performance on or before the termination date.

(Sec. 109, Pub. Law 9, 82d Cong.)

Dated: November 26, 1952.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12759; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III—Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Ceiling Price Regulation 4, Amdt. 1 to Supplementary Regulation 1]

CPR 4—ANTHRACITE DELIVERED FROM MINE OR PREPARATION PLANT

SR 1—ANTHRACITE BRIQUETS PRODUCED AT OR MADE AT PLANTS IN PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE FIELD

ADJUSTMENT OF CEILING PRICES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2, this Amendment 1 to SR 1 to CPR 4, is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment to Supplementary Regulation 1 adjusts the ceiling price of anthracite briquets by an amount which has been shown to be required under the Industry Earnings Standard.

Anthracite briquets are manufactured by two single-line companies operating in the anthracite coal field. Both companies have submitted a petition for amendment to the Office of Price Stabilization requesting relief under the Industry Earnings Standard. This standard requires that an industry whose current earnings are less than 85 percent of its average earnings during the three best years 1946–1949, with adjustments made for any changes in the net worth, is entitled to have its ceiling prices adjusted so as to permit it to earn at least 85 percent of its average during the base period.

A survey of the anthracite briquet industry was conducted by this office and, as of the end of 1951, the industry's earnings indicated that it was entitled to relief. Since the end of 1951 there have been various increases in the costs of raw materials (anthracite, bituminous coal and asphalt). The available information indicates that the industry is entitled to an increase of one dollar in its ceiling price. This adjustment will increase the ceiling price of anthracite briquets to $11.95 per ton, f. o. b. the plant.

In the judgment of the Director of the Office of Price Stabilization, this amendment is generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purpose of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

As far as practicable the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and to relevant factors of general applicability.

In the formulation of this amendment there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, to the extent practicable, and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Supplementary Regulation 1 to CPR 4 is amended in the following respect:

1. Appendix A to Supplementary Regulation 1 to CPR 4, is amended as follows:

APPENDIX A

The following ceiling price subject to the exceptions set forth in this supplementary regulation is established for anthracite briquets, f. o. b. manufacturing plants.

	Ceiling price per net ton
Anthracite briquets	$11.95

NOTE: Persons subject to the regulation shall continue to observe their customary and standard cash discount practices.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended, 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment 1 to SR 1, CPR 4, shall become effective as of November 28, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12796; Filed, Nov. 28, 1952; 4:25 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 22, Interpretation 35]

CPR 22—MANUFACTURERS' GENERAL CEILING PRICE REGULATION

INT. 35—CEILING PRICES OF MERGED AND SUCCESSOR CORPORATIONS (SECTION 48a)

A corporate manufacturer of window sashes of various types sells his entire output of light steel sashes to an affiliated corporate distributor. Both corporations are to a large extent commonly owned, and they share the same premises, which are owned by the manufacturer.

The question arises as to the applicability of section 48a of Ceiling Price Regulation 22 where the manufacturer and distributor are consolidated to form a third corporation, or where the distributor is merged into the manufacturer or the manufacturer is merged into the distributor.

Section 48a would apply in the event of a consolidation or either of the proposed mergers. Although the two preexisting corporations had shared the same premises, each must be considered to have been operating in a separate establishment and, in taking over, the transferee (whether the surviving corporation in a merger, or the new corporation resulting from a consolidation) would be deemed to be continuing the business of its transferor or transferors in an establishment which the transferee had not previously operated. Nor would the fact that the manufacturer owned the real estate serve to prevent the applicability of section 48a, such ownership being distinguished from owning the business establishment of another located thereon.

(Sec. 704, Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

HERBERT N. MALETZ,
Chief Counsel,
Office of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12874; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 30, Interpretation 22]

CPR 30—MACHINERY AND RELATED MANUFACTURED GOODS

INT. 22—CARRY-OVER PRICES BY MANUFACTURERS (SECTIONS 38, 45 (U) AND 46 (a))

Certain manufacturers under Ceiling Price Regulation 30, and certain distributors who are resellers under Ceiling Price Regulation 67, have "carry-over" or refinancing agreements with the dealers to whom they sell which permit the dealer to refinance if payment is not made by an agreed maturity date. These agreements usually provide that if a "carry-over" or refinancing after delivery to the dealer is necessary, the seller's price in effect at the time of the refinancing will be the price ultimately paid by the dealer. The question has been raised as to whether or not a dealer who purchases from such a seller and subsequently refinances may be charged the new ceiling price in effect at the time of the "carry-over" of refinancing if this new ceiling price exceeds the ceiling price in effect at the time of delivery.

Section 46 of Ceiling Price Regulation 30 prohibits the sale of any commodity subject to that regulation in excess of the ceiling price established thereunder. The term "sell" is defined to include delivery. To the same effect, only more explicitly with respect to the use of the term "delivery," CPR 67 in addition to defining the term "sell," to include delivery, provides (section 14 (a)) that "No person shall sell or deliver * * * at a price higher than the ceiling price established by this regulation." The General Ceiling Price Regulation which, prior to CPRs 30 and 67, established ceiling prices for both the manufacturers and distributors, and which still cover those manufacturers who have elected not to use CPR 30, contains a similar definition of the term "sell," to include delivery. Accordingly, a "carry-over" or refinancing provision in any agreement between sellers under CPR 30 or CPR 67 and their dealers, permitting a subsequent revision of prices to an amount in excess of the ceiling price in effect at the time of the sale (which term, as indicated, includes delivery) to the dealer, is prohibited.

In addition, section 38 of CPR 30 provides that a commodity subject to the regulation may not be delivered at a price to be adjusted upward in accordance with any increase in a ceiling price after delivery. This serves explicitly to prohibit sellers under that regulation from engaging in the practice described.

(Sec. 704, Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

HERBERT N. MALETZ,
Chief Counsel,
Office of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12875; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Interpretation 60]

INT. 60—PARITY PASS-THROUGH TO COMPANY ACTING BOTH AS PROCESSOR AND DISTRIBUTOR (SECTION 11 (b) AND (c))

A company customarily both processes dry milk powder in its own plant, and purchases that product from other processors and resells it without substantial change of form. It appears that the company is entitled under section 11 (b) of the General Ceiling Price Regulation to a parity pass-through of less than two cents per pound on the powder processed and sold by it whereas it is entitled to a parity pass-through under section 11 (c) of two cents on the powder which it sells as a distributor. Under these circumstances, GCPR does not authorize a parity pass-through increasing the ceiling price on the powder which is processed by the company to the level to which the company is authorized to raise its ceiling price as a distributor by means of a parity pass-through.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

HERBERT N. MALETZ,
Chief Counsel,
Office of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12878; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 29, Interpretation 1]

GCPR, SR 29—CEILING PRICES FOR CERTAIN SALES AT RETAIL AND AT WHOLESALE

INT. 1—EFFECT OF ADJUSTMENT UNDER SECTION 4 ON PRICING OF INVENTORY (SECTION 4)

Inquiries have been received as to whether the adjustment of ceiling prices under section 4 of SR 29 to GCPR of commodities purchased from a manufacturer who has changed his price for a commodity pursuant to CPR 22 permits or requires the adjustment of the ceiling prices of inventory. The references to increases and decreases in ceiling prices as contained in section 4 (a) and (b) to reflect changes in manufacturers' prices relate to the sale of "that" commodity "when purchased from the supplier after the increase (or decrease) is put into effect." The section 4 adjustment applies only to the quantity purchased at the changed price. The limitation to the commodity purchased after the increase or decrease is in effect, serves to exclude inventory.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

HERBERT N. MALETZ,
Chief Counsel,
Office of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12876; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 29, Interpretation 2]

GCPR, SR 29—CEILING PRICES FOR CERTAIN SALES AT RETAIL AND AT WHOLESALE

INT. 2—TREATMENT OF SEPARATELY STATED FREIGHT CHARGES IN DETERMINING NET INVOICE COST (SECTIONS 3, 4, 5)

The question has been raised as to whether the term "net invoice cost" as used in sections 3, 4, and 5 of SR 29 to GCPR includes separately stated freight charges. Those provisions of the GCPR not inconsistent with and not excluded

by its supplementary regulations are applicable thereto, including the definition of "net invoice cost" in section 22 which excludes separately stated freight charges. The exclusion is applicable both to the base period invoice and the invoice upon which the markup is to be applied. As pointed out in Interpretation 21 to GCPR, the inclusion of freight in the new invoice would operate to include it twice.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

HERBERT N. MALETZ,
Chief Counsel,
Office of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12877; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

[General Overriding Regulation 4, Amdt. 14 to Revision 1]

GOR 4—EXEMPTIONS AND SUSPENSIONS OF CERTAIN CONSUMER SOFT GOODS

SUSPENSION OF MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S APPAREL, APPAREL FURNISHINGS AND APPAREL ACCESSORIES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161, and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2, this Amendment 14 to General Overriding Regulation 4, Revision 1, is hereby issued.

Statement of considerations. This amendment adds to the commodities suspended from price control most items of men's and young men's apparel, apparel furnishings and apparel accessories. This action is taken in line with the policy of suspending or otherwise relaxing controls on commodities when their selling prices generally are materially below ceilings and are not expected to reach ceiling prices in the foreseeable future.

As stated in the Statement of Considerations accompanying the suspension of price controls over women's, misses' and junior misses' apparel, the yarns and fabrics used in the manufacture of the bulk of apparel items have been suspended from price control for more than four months and their prices are still generally some 20 to 25 percent below their ceilings.

A recently completed study of men's and young men's apparel, apparel furnishings and apparel accessories has indicated that, at this time, price controls on these items are not necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

The men's and young men's apparel group includes a wide range of items such as suits, overcoats, tailored sport clothing, shirts, shorts and pajamas, work clothing, knit outerwear and underwear. By October 1952, according to Bureau of Labor Statistics figures, manufacturers' prices in the group most closely corresponding to the items suspended by this amendment had declined 6.6 percent from their high in April and May 1951. At retail, men's clothing prices in September 1952, the latest month for which consumer price data are available, were down 4.0 percent from the peak reached in September 1951. Since May 1952 there have been substantial increases in production of nearly all men's and young men's apparel items and goods are plentiful in the markets. Many of the tailored clothing manufacturers have announced their prices for the spring of 1953, and in most cases of record such prices are the same as or below the prices for the previous spring season. In no known instance has a manufacturer announced an increase in price, and there is no indication that any material rise in prices in this area in the foreseeable future is likely.

The men's and young men's apparel items suspended at the manufacturing level by this action are covered by CPR 45, Rev. 1. Since the use of that regulation has not been made mandatory, manufacturers have had the option of determining their ceiling prices for these items under that regulation or the GCPR. In general, these same items are suspended by this action at the wholesale and retail levels. However, in order to avoid the confusion which would result from subdividing CPR 7 categories, it has been found advisable in some cases to suspend an entire category though it includes some items not suspended at the manufacturing level, or, in other cases, to keep the entire category under control.

In view of the above considerations, it is the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization that price controls on sales of these commodities are not required at this time to carry out the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

The Director may at any time modify or terminate this suspension if he determines that such action is required in the interest of the stabilization program. In any event, this suspension will be terminated as to any segment of these industries when controls are reimposed on the principal fabrics used by that segment in the manufacture of these commodities.

All records which were required to be prepared and preserved under the applicable ceiling price regulations in effect prior to this amendment must continue to be preserved.

In the formulation of this amendment there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, to the extent practicable and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

Amendatory provisions. Section 3 of General Overriding Regulation 4, Revision 1, is amended by adding the following paragraphs:

(p) The following articles, when sold by the manufacturer (including a manufacturing retailer):

(1) Men's and young men's apparel, apparel furnishings and apparel accessories made of textile materials, leather, fur, plastic, other materials which are normally sewed as part of the assembly operation, or a combination of such materials. The terms "men's" and "young men's" refer to articles sold in the size ranges or groupings commonly designated by those terms. Specifically excluded from this paragraph, however, are articles for surgical, corrective or orthopedic use, such as knitted elastic corrective garments, abdominal belts, or orthopedic braces.

(2) Component parts manufactured exclusively for further processing into or for use as a part of any article included in subparagraph (1) above. Examples of such component parts are hat bodies, pockets, collars, and shoulder pads.

(q) The following articles, when sold at wholesale or retail, except sales made in the territories and possessions of the United States. A sale at wholesale or retail is a sale by a person who buys an article and resells it without substantially changing its form. (The articles suspended by this paragraph are described, for convenience, in terms of the categories named in CPR 7, Retail Ceiling Prices for Certain Consumer Goods. However, all wholesale and retail sales of the articles described are suspended from price control regardless of whether their ceiling prices have been determined under the General Ceiling Price Regulation or CPR 7.)

(1) All articles covered by the following categories:

NOTE: The suspension of each of these categories is as broad as the coverage of the category. All articles in the category are suspended. This means that if the category includes boys' sizes as well as men's or young men's sizes, the boys' sizes are also suspended from price control.

Category 101—Men's Tailored Topcoats and Overcoats

Among the articles included are:

Tailored topcoats and overcoats.
Tailored fingertip-length coats, and tailored rain and reversible coats of all lengths.
Detachable coat linings.

Category 102—Men's Suits and Sport Coats

Among the articles included are:

Tailored suits made of cotton, rayon, wool, or other fibres, or of mixtures.
Separate tailored sport coats.

Category 103—Men's Trousers and Related Items

This category does not include any staple work clothing. Among the articles included are:

Separate trousers, pants, and slacks.
Breeches, riding pants and jodhpurs.
Knickers and walking shorts.
Vests made of woven cloth.

Category 104—Men's Slack Suits

Category 105—Men's Civilian Uniforms

Among the garments included are:

Uniform suits (such as conductors', chauffeurs', policemen's, firemen's, bands, military schools, etc.).
Uniform overcoats and topcoats.
Uniform jackets.
Uniform trousers.
Uniform hats and caps.

Category 105A—Men's Overalls, including Bib and Dungarees, and Overall Jackets

Category 105B—Men's Work Shirts, Work Pants and Match Sets, including Work Uniforms

Category 105C—Men's Work Accessories, including Gloves, Bandannas, Hosiery,[1] Caps and Hats (including straw) which are used primarily as work or farm hats

Category 105D—Men's One-piece Work Suits and Men's Smocks

Category 106—Men's U. S. Regulation Military Uniforms

Suits, topcoats and overcoats.
Fingertip length coats and rain and reversible coats of all lengths.
Separate jackets, middies, and blouses made in the manner commonly used for jackets.
Separate trousers, breeches, and tropical shorts.

Category 107—Men's Sports and Utility Heavy Outerwear

Sport and loafer jackets and non-tailored coats except water repellent jackets and sleeveless styles.
Leather coats and jackets.
Combination leather and fabric coats and jackets.
Wool coats and jackets made of woven cloth (such as mackinaws, parkas, loafer coats, swagger coats, melton jackets).
Ski and skating jackets and pants.

Category 107B—Men's Raincoats and Water Repellent Garments

Jackets, such as water repellent poplin.
Non-tailored raincoats, rain caps and hats.
Suits.
Pants.
Overalls.
Aprons.
Vests.
Leggings.

Category 119—Men's and Boys' Handkerchiefs, Scarves and Mufflers

Among the articles included are:

Pocket handkerchiefs.
Sport handkerchiefs.
Fancy handkerchiefs.
Woolen mufflers and scarves.
Knitted mufflers and scarves.

Category 120—Men's and Boys' Neckties

Among the articles included are:

Bow ties.
Four-in-hand ties.
Cravats.
Ascot ties.

Category 121—Men's and Boys' Sundries

The articles included are:

Suspenders, garters, and arm bands.
Belts.
Separate collars.
Spats.
Men's wallets.

(2) Men's and young men's sizes of all articles covered by the following categories:

NOTE: The suspension of each of these categories is limited to men's and young men's sizes. Only articles in the category which are in these sizes are suspended. This means that if the category includes other sizes they remain under price control.

Category 107A—Hunting and Fishing Apparel

Cotton shell coats, jackets and vests (lined and unlined).
Hunting and fishing coats, jackets, breeches, vests and caps.

Category 114—Men's and Boys' Bathing Wear

Bathing suits and trunks.

[1] Hosiery has previously been suspended from price control by Amendment 8 to General Overriding Regulation 4, Revision 1.

Category 115—Men's and Boys' Sweaters

This category includes all knitted outerwear and garments combined of knitted and other fabrics. Among the garments included are:

Sweaters.
Sweater vests.
Sweater coats.
Knitted pull-overs.
Knitted cardigans.

Category 116—Men's and Boys' Underwear and Nightwear

This category includes all underwear and nightwear garments made of either knitted or woven fabrics. Among the garments included are:

Union suits.
Shorts, drawers, and briefs.
Undershirts and T shirts.
Pajamas.
Nightshirts and sleeping coats.

Category 117—Men's and Boys' Shirts

This category includes all types of shirts made from all fabrics, except that it does not include any staple work shirts. It includes military shirts. Among the garments included are:

Dress shirts.
Neck-band shirts.
Collar-attached shirts.
Business shirts.
Sport shirts.
Polo and basque shirts.
Boys' blouses.
Sweat shirts.

Category 122—Men's and Boys' Gloves and Mittens

This category does not include any staple work gloves or athletic gloves covered by Categories 105C and 351. Among the articles included are:

Gloves.
Mittens.

Category 123—Men's and Boys' Hats (other than Straws)

This category does not include any military or civilian uniform hats and caps covered by Categories 105, 105C, 106 and 111, or hats and caps covered by Categories 107B and 112A. It includes:

Hats and caps.
Helmets.
Hoods.
Ear Muffs.

Category 123A—Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

This category covers all types of summer straw hats, except work hats covered by Category 105C. It includes soft styles and stiff styles that are made of woven straw, grass fibres or any imitation thereof and any combination of these materials with any other material.

Category 124—Men's and Boys' Lounging Wear

Among the garments included are:

Bathrobes, beach robes, beach coats, and dressing gowns.
Smoking jackets and coats.
Cocktail and lounging jackets and coats.

(3) Men's and young men's fur garments.[2]

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816 as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

[2] Luxury fur garments have previously been exempted from price control by section 2 (g), added to this General Overriding Regulation 4, Revision 1, by Amendment 5.

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective December 2, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12879; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter II—Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

PART 207—NAVIGATION REGULATIONS

GALVESTON BAY, TEXAS; SEAPLANE RESTRICTED AREA

Pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of the River and Harbor Act of August 8, 1917 (40 Stat. 266; 33 U. S. C. 1), § 207.186 is hereby prescribed establishing and governing the use of a seaplane restricted area in Galveston Bay, Texas, as follows:

§ 207.186 *Galveston Bay, Texas; seaplane restricted area*—(a) *The area.* The waters of Galveston Bay within a rectangular area approximately 1½ miles wide and 5¼ miles long bounded by straight lines connecting the following coordinates: Latitude 29°24', longitude 94°48'; latitude 29°25', longitude 94°49'; latitude 29°28', longitude 94°45'; latitude 29°27', longitude 94°44'.

(b) *The regulations.* (1) At all times between the hours of 8:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m., Monday through Friday of each week, when a United States Coast Guard vessel is patrolling the area or standing by in the area, no surface craft of any kind shall enter or remain in the area except as provided otherwise in this section.

(2) Clearance for surface craft operating in the area on set schedules and on prescribed routes may be granted upon written application to the enforcing agency.

(3) Changes in schedules and routes may be made upon written application to the enforcing agency.

(4) Off-schedule operations of craft may be authorized upon special application in each case. These applications shall be made in writing to the enforcing agency, except as provided in subparagraph (5) of this paragraph.

(5) Commercial fishermen, geophysical exploration crews and personnel of oil companies holding leases within the area will not be required to operate on set schedules or over prescribed routes, but in order to enter the area between the hours of 8:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m., Monday through Friday of each week, they shall have proper identification and the approval of the enforcing agency.

(6) Whenever there is a shrimp run in the area, air rescue practice operations will be suspended and the area will not be restricted.

NOTE: The determination that a shrimp run exists will be evidenced by the presence of at least eight (8) commercial shrimp trawlers in the area. These trawlers will each communicate with the Coast Guard

vessel on duty and express the desire to conduct shrimping operations in the area. When the prescribed number of commercial trawlers have done so, the Coast Guard vessel will inform the Air Rescue Squadron and practice operations will be suspended.

(7) Surface craft found in the area in violation of the regulations in this section will be warned by the Coast Guard vessel on duty. When warned in this manner, the surface craft will leave the area immediately and by the most direct route.

(8) The regulations in this section shall be enforced by the Commanding Officer, Ellington Air Force Base, Houston, Texas, and by such agencies as he may designate.

[Regs., Nov. 6, 1952, 800.2121–ENGWO] (40 Stat. 266; 33 U. S. C. 1)

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12757; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 36—PARKS, FORESTS, AND MEMORIALS

Chapter I—National Park Service, Department of the Interior

PART 1—GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

PART 20—SPECIAL REGULATIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Paragraph (g) of § 1.4, entitled *Fishing,* is amended to read as follows:

(g) The possession of live or dead minnows, chubs, or other bait fish, or the use thereof as bait, or the placing or depositing of fish eggs, fish roe, food, or other substance in any waters for the purpose of attracting, collecting, or feeding fish, is prohibited except in Acadia National Park, Everglades National Park, Hawaii National Park, Fort Jefferson National Monument, the Green and Nolin Rivers in Mammoth Cave National Park, and the waters of Glacier Bay National Monument in which commercial fishing is permitted in accordance with regulations approved by the Secretary on February 28, 1941 (50 CFR, Cum. Supp., 222.17).

2. Paragraph (g), entitled *Effective date,* of § 20.45, entitled *Everglades National Park,* is revoked and a new paragraph designated (g) is added, reading as follows:

(g) *Fishing; bait.* The placing or depositing of fish eggs, fish roe, food, or other substance in any inland lake, bay, canal, river or other body of water being ⅛ of a mile inland from the nearest recognizable shoreline, for the purpose of attracting, collecting, or feeding fish, is prohibited.

3. Paragraph (h) of § 20.45, entitled *Everglades National Park,* is amended to read as follows:

(h) *Feeding of animals.* The feeding, touching, teasing or molesting of any crocodile or alligator is prohibited.

(39 Stat. 535; 16 U. S. C. 3)

Issued this 26th day of November 1952.

VERNON D. NORTHROP,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12763; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

PART 1—GENERAL RULES OF PRACTICE

SPECIAL RULES OF PRACTICE GOVERNING PROCEDURE OF BOARD OF SUSPENSION AND FOURTH SECTION BOARD

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

The Commission has adopted special rules governing procedure before the Board of Suspension and the Fourth Section Board to become effective December 1, 1952.

§ 1.200 *Special rules of practice governing the procedure of the Board of Suspension and Fourth Section Board.*

(a) The proceedings of the Board of Suspension and the Fourth Section Board shall be informal. No transcription of such proceedings will be made. Subpoenas will not be issued and, except when applications or petitions are required to be attested, oaths will not be administered.

(b) Petitions for reconsideration of the action of the Board of Suspension when tariffs or schedules have been suspended, and petitions for reconsideration of any action taken by the Fourth Section Board, may be filed by any interested party with the Commission for the attention of the designated appellate division within 30 days following receipt of notice of such action. In all other respects, such petitions and the answers thereto will be governed by the Commission's general rules of practice.

(c) When the Board of Suspension has declined to suspend a proposed tariff or schedule, or any part thereof, a petition by any interested party may be filed with the Commission for reconsideration by the designated appellate division, provided it is filed at least 10 days prior to the effective date of the tariff or schedule in question. Telegraphic notice or the equivalent thereof must be given by the petitioner to the respondent or respondents. Answers to such petitions, in order to receive consideration, must reach the Commission in Washington at least 5 days before the effective date of the tariffs or schedules. Petitions and answers may rely on the information previously filed with the Board of Suspension or they may contain additional facts or argument. Written or telegraphic communications in intelligible form will be sufficient.

(Secs. 12, 17, 24 Stat. 383, as amended, 385, as amended, 49 Stat. 546, as amended, 548, as amended, sec. 201, 54 Stat. 933, sec. 1, 56 Stat. 285; 49 U. S. C. 12, 17, 304, 305, 904, 1003)

[SEAL] G. W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12791; Filed, Nov. 28, 1952; 4:54 p. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Internal Revenue

[27 CFR Part 5]

ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX DIVISION

LABELING AND ADVERTISING OF DISTILLED SPIRITS; NOTICE OF HEARING

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the Federal Alcohol Administration Act (49 Stat. 981 as amended; 27 U. S. C. 205), of a public hearing to be held on December 19, 1952, at 10 a. m. at Room 1630 Department of Justice Building, Washington, D. C., at which time and place all interested parties will be afforded opportunity to be heard, in person or by authorized representative, with reference to a proposal, the substance of which is stated below, to amend Regulations No. 5 (27 CFR Part 5) relating to labeling and advertising of distilled spirits.

Written data, views or arguments relevant and material to the proposal may be submitted in duplicate for consideration (1) by mailing the same addressed to the Head, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Division, Bureau of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., provided that they are received prior to the termination of the hearing, or (2) by presenting the same at the said hearing.

Substance of proposal. To amend section 35 of such regulations (27 CFR 5.35) so as to permit the phrase "bottled by", in lieu of the phrases "distilled by", "blended by", "made by", "prepared by", etc. (now required by subsections (*a*) and (*b*) of section 35) to appear on labels of distilled spirits bottled by or for the distiller or rectifier thereof, as follows:

1. By deleting the present paragraphs (a) and (b) of § 5.35, and inserting in lieu thereof the following new paragraph (a):

(a) *Bottled by.* On labels of domestic distilled spirits, there shall be stated the phrase "bottled by", immediately followed by the name of the bottler and the place where such distilled spirits are bottled. If the bottler is the actual bona fide operator of more than one bottling plant engaged in bottling the same brand of distilled spirits, there may be stated immediately following the name of such bottler the addresses of the plants at which such product is bottled: *Provided,*

That the State of distillation is stated as provided by paragraph (e) of this section: *Provided further:*

(1) That, where distilled spirits are bottled by or for the distiller thereof, there may be stated, in lieu of the phrase "bottled by", followed by the bottler's name and address, the phrase "distilled by", followed by the name (or trade name as the case may be) under which the particular spirits were distilled, and the address (or addresses) of the distiller;

(2) That, where distilled spirits are bottled by or for the rectifier thereof, there may be stated, in lieu of the phrase "bottled by", followed by the bottler's name and address, the phrases "blended by", "made by", "prepared by", "manufactured by", or "produced by" (whichever may be appropriate to the act of rectification involved), followed by the name (or trade name as the case may be) under which the distilled spirits were rectified, and the address (or addresses) of the rectifier.

2. By redesignating the present paragraph (c) as paragraph (b) and by amending the phrase "by paragraphs (a) and (b)" in the first sentence of paragraph (c) (4) to read "by paragraph (a)".

3. By deleting paragraphs (d) and (e) and inserting in lieu thereof a new paragraph (c) as follows:

(c) *Bottled for.* In addition to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, there may also be stated the name and address of the person for whom the distilled spirits are bottled, immediately preceded by the words "bottled for" or "distributed by", or other similar statement.

4. By redesignating the present paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) as (d), (e), and (f), respectively.

[SEAL] DWIGHT E. AVIS,
Head, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Division, Bureau of Internal Revenue.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12795; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

NOTICES

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

FOURTH-CLASS MAIL

PROPOSED INCREASED POSTAGE RATES AND OTHER REFORMATIONS

The Comptroller General of the United States has ruled, in decisions dated March 19, 1952 and June 17, 1952 (B–108245), that (1) the general provisions relating to the Post Office Department contained in Chapter IV of the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1951, approved September 27, 1950 (64 Stat. 1050; 31 U. S. C. 695), constitutes permanent legislation; and (2) in withdrawing appropriated funds from the general funds of the Treasury to the Post Office Department on or after July 1, 1952, the Post Office Department must certify that "its latest cost analysis shows that the fourth-class mail rates are producing sufficient revenues to cover the cost of carrying such mail, or that a further petition has been filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission for an increase in the rates to cover the deficiences therein as disclosed by the annual cost accounting operations of the Post Office Department." Such petition was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission on June 25, 1952, and notice of such filing was published in Volume 17 of the FEDERAL REGISTER at page 5832.

On the basis of the best information now available the increases in the fourth-class mail rates and other reformations, hereinafter set forth, are necessary to produce sufficient revenues to cover the cost of carrying such mail.

Pursuant to the notice of this Department (17 F. R. 5832), interested parties are afforded an opportunity to present written data, views, or arguments for consideration by this Department prior to the filing of the proposed increased postage rates for fourth-class mail, and other reformations, with the Interstate Commerce Commission pursuant to section 207, 43 Stat. 1067, as amended (39 U. S. C. 247), and Chapter IV, 64 Stat. 1050 (31 U. S. C. 695).

Accordingly, (1) available information (which is subject to refinement) on which the following rate increases and other reformations are based, may be obtained from the Comptroller, Bureau of Accounts, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D. C., upon request; (2) representatives of the Post Office Department will be available for conference with respect to the proposed rate increases and other reformations on December 15, 1952, at 10 a. m., in Room 3237, Post Office Department, Twelfth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, D. C.; and (3) all written data, views, or arguments for consideration by the Post Office Department in determining the extent and character of rates and other reformations to be established with respect to fourth-class mail must be transmitted to the Postmaster General, Post Office Department, Washington 25, D. C., not later than the thirtieth day after the publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Increases in postage rates for fourth-class mail, and other reformations necessary to produce sufficient revenues to cover the cost of carrying such mail, are as follows:

ZONES

Weight (pounds)	Local	1 and 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	$0.18	$0.23	$0.23	$0.24	$0.26	$0.28	$0.30	$0.32
2	.20	.27	.29	.31	.35	.40	.45	.50
3	.21	.31	.34	.38	.44	.52	.60	.68
4	.23	.35	.39	.45	.53	.63	.75	.85
5	.24	.39	.44	.51	.62	.75	.90	1.03
6	.26	.43	.49	.58	.71	.86	1.04	1.20
7	.27	.46	.54	.65	.80	.98	1.19	1.38
8	.29	.50	.59	.71	.89	1.10	1.34	1.55
9	.30	.54	.64	.78	.98	1.21	1.49	1.73
10	.32	.58	.69	.85	1.07	1.33	1.63	1.90
11	.33	.62	.74	.91	1.16	1.44	1.78	2.08
12	.35	.66	.79	.98	1.25	1.56	1.93	2.25
13	.36	.69	.84	1.05	1.34	1.67	2.08	2.43
14	.38	.73	.89	1.11	1.43	1.79	2.22	2.60
15	.39	.77	.94	1.18	1.52	1.91	2.37	2.78
16	.41	.81	.99	1.25	1.61	2.02	2.52	2.95
17	.42	.85	1.04	1.31	1.70	2.14	2.67	3.13
18	.43	.89	1.09	1.38	1.79	2.25	2.81	3.30
19	.45	.92	1.14	1.45	1.88	2.37	2.96	3.48
20	.46	.96	1.19	1.51	1.97	2.49	3.11	3.65
21	.48	1.00	1.24	1.58	2.06	2.60	3.26	3.83
22	.49	1.04	1.29	1.65	2.15	2.72	3.40	4.00
23	.51	1.08	1.34	1.71	2.24	2.83	3.55	4.18
24	.52	1.12	1.39	1.78	2.33	2.95	3.70	4.35
25	.54	1.15	1.44	1.85	2.42	3.06	3.85	4.53
26	.55	1.19	1.49	1.91	2.51	3.18	3.99	4.70
27	.57	1.23	1.55	1.98	2.60	3.30	4.14	4.88
28	.58	1.27	1.60	2.05	2.69	3.41	4.29	5.05
29	.60	1.31	1.65	2.12	2.78	3.53	4.44	5.23
30	.61	1.35	1.70	2.18	2.87	3.64	4.59	5.40
31	.63	1.38	1.75	2.25	2.96	3.76	4.73	5.58
32	.64	1.42	1.80	2.32	3.04	3.87	4.88	5.75
33	.66	1.46	1.85	2.38	3.14	3.99	5.03	5.93
34	.67	1.50	1.90	2.45	3.23	4.11	5.18	6.10

ZONES—continued

Weight (pounds)	Local	1 and 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
35	$0.68	$1.54	$1.95	$2.52	$3.32	$4.22	$5.32	$6.28
36	.70	1.58	2.00	2.58	3.41	4.34	5.47	6.45
37	.71	1.61	2.05	2.65	3.50	4.45	5.62	6.63
38	.73	1.65	2.10	2.72	3.59	4.57	5.77	6.80
39	.74	1.69	2.15	2.78	3.68	4.69	5.91	6.98
40	.76	1.73	2.20	2.85	3.77	4.80	6.06	7.15
41	.77	1.77	2.25	2.92	3.86	4.92	6.21	7.33
42	.79	1.81	2.30	2.98	3.95	5.03	6.36	7.50
43	.80	1.84	2.35	3.05	4.04	5.15	6.50	7.68
44	.82	1.88	2.40	3.12	4.13	5.26	6.65	7.85
45	.83	1.92	2.45	3.18	4.22	5.38	6.80	8.03
46	.85	1.96	2.50	3.25	4.31	5.50	6.95	8.20
47	.86	2.00	2.55	3.32	4.40	5.61	7.09	8.38
48	.88	2.04	2.60	3.38	4.49	5.73	7.24	8.55
49	.89	2.07	2.65	3.45	4.58	5.84	7.39	8.73
50	.91	2.11	2.70	3.52	4.67	5.96	7.54	8.90
51	.92	2.15	2.75	3.58	4.75	6.07	7.68	9.08
52	.93	2.19	2.81	3.65	4.84	6.19	7.83	9.26
53	.95	2.23	2.86	3.72	4.93	6.31	7.98	9.43
54	.96	2.26	2.91	3.79	5.02	6.42	8.13	9.61
55	.98	2.30	2.96	3.85	5.11	6.54	8.28	9.78
56	.99	2.34	3.01	3.92	5.20	6.65	8.42	9.96
57	1.01	2.38	3.06	3.99	5.29	6.77	8.57	10.13
58	1.02	2.42	3.11	4.05	5.38	6.89	8.72	10.31
59	1.04	2.46	3.16	4.12	5.47	7.00	8.87	10.48
60	1.05	2.49	3.21	4.19	5.56	7.12	9.01	10.66
61	1.07	2.53	3.26	4.25	5.65	7.23	9.16	10.83
62	1.08	2.57	3.31	4.32	5.74	7.35	9.31	11.01
63	1.10	2.61	3.36	4.39	5.83	7.46	9.46	11.18
64	1.11	2.65	3.41	4.45	5.92	7.58	9.60	11.36
65	1.13	2.69	3.46	4.52	6.01	7.70	9.75	11.53
66	1.14	2.72	3.51	4.59	6.10	7.81	9.90	11.71
67	1.16	2.76	3.56	4.65	6.19	7.93	10.05	11.88
68	1.17	2.80	3.61	4.72	6.28	8.04	10.19	12.06
69	1.18	2.84	3.66	4.79	6.37	8.16	10.34	12.23
70	1.20	2.88	3.71	4.85	6.46	8.28	10.49	12.41

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12792; Filed, Nov. 29, 1952; 1:51 p. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

ARIZONA

ORDER OF RESTORATION FROM POWER SITE RESERVE NO. 590; CORRECTION

NOVEMBER 24, 1952.

The second paragraph of Order of Restoration from Power Site Reserve No. 590, Arizona, dated November 14, 1952 (17 F. R. 10604) is hereby corrected to read as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, the lands hereinafter described, so far

as they were withdrawn or reserved for power purposes, are hereby restored to disposition under any applicable public-land law, subject to the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Power Act, as amended.

HAROLD T. TYSK,
Acting Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12762; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1068, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214), and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.166, as amended December 31, 1951; 16 F. R. 12043; and June 2, 1952; 17 F. R. 3818).

Calhoun Garment Co., Calhoun City, Miss., effective 12-18-52 to 12-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (boys' and students' semidress pants).

Calhoun Garment Co., Calhoun City, Miss., effective 11-24-52 to 5-23-53; 100 learners for expansion purposes (boys' and students' semidress pants).

Carteret Shirt, Inc., 652 Roosevelt Avenue, Carteret, N. J., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's shirts).

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Virginia, Minn., effective 11-19-52 to 11-18-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (white shirts).

Cowden Manufacturing Co., 112 Hamilton Avenue, Lancaster, Ky., effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (denim bib overalls and denim overall jackets).

Eagle Bros., Mahanoy City, Pa., effective 11-23-52 to 11-22-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress and sport shirts).

Elfin Dress Corp., Cass and Greene Streets, Middletown, Del., effective 11-17-52 to 11-16-53; 10 learners (dresses).

Florence Manufacturing Co., Inc., Chase Avenue, Florence, S. C., effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' cotton house dresses).

Hebron Pants Factory, Hebron, Md., effective 11-29-52 to 11-28-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (cotton work pants).

L. J. Kral Manufacturing Co., P. O. Box 412 Seventh Street, New Kensington, Pa., effective 11-20-52 to 5-19-53; 25 learners for expansion purposes (women's blouses).

Leslie Ann, Inc., Plant No. 2, Donaldson, Pa., effective 11-17-52 to 11-16-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' dresses).

Leslie Ann, Inc., Sixth and Colliery Avenue, Tower City, Pa., effective 11-18-52 to 11-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' dresses).

Linden Apparel Corp., Linden, Tenn., effective 11-23-52 to 11-22-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees and coats).

Maiden Form Brassiere Co., Inc., Route No. 1, Princeton, W. Va., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (brassieres).

Mandel Manufacturing Co., 1110 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., effective 11-20-52 to 11-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force. Learners may not be employed at subminimum wage rates in the production of women's, misses', and children's suits and skirts (junior sportswear).

Martin Manufacturing Co., Inc., Robersonville, N. C., effective 11-17-52 to 5-16-53; 30 learners for expansion purposes (ladies' cotton dresses and ladies' and children's robes).

Monticello Manufacturing Co., Monticello, Miss., effective 11-24-52 to 11-23-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's work pants).

N & W Industries, Inc., Rocky Mount, Va., effective 11-17-52 to 11-16-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dungarees).

N & W Industries, Inc., Rocky Mount, Va., effective 11-17-52 to 5-16-53; 15 learners for expansion purposes (dungarees).

Wm. H. Noggle & Sons, Inc., Grant and High Streets, Manheim, Pa., effective 11-29-52 to 11-28-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' shirts).

Wm. H. Noggle & Sons, Inc., Rexmont, Pa., effective 11-30-52 to 11-29-53; five learners (boys' pajamas).

Oberman Manufacturing Co., Fayetteville, Ark., effective 11-30-52 to 11-29-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' single pants and shirts).

Pittston Apparel Co., Inc., East and Tompkins Streets, Pittston, Pa., effective 11-20-52 to 11-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (corsets and brassieres).

Reliance Manufacturing Co., "Magnolia" Factory, Laurel, Miss., effective 12-1-52 to 11-30-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sport shirts and pajamas).

Resort Dress Manufacturing Corp., Main Street, Route No. 31, Stanhope, N. J., effective 11-19-52 to 11-18-53; five learners (dresses).

Seminole Manufacturing Co., Aberdeen, Miss., effective 12-1-52 to 11-30-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (trousers).

Seminole Manufacturing Co., Columbus, Miss., effective 12-1-52 to 11-30-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (trousers).

Cigar Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.201 to 522.211, as amended October 27, 1952; 17 F. R. 8633).

El Moro Cigar Co., corner South Greene Street and Edwards Place, Greensboro, N. C., effective 11-30-52 to 11-29-53; 10 percent of the productive factory workers engaged in the learner occupations; cigar machine operating, 320 hours at 65 cents per hour.

Pennstate Cigar Corp., 426 East Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia 34, Pa., effective 11-30-52 to 11-29-53; 10 percent of the productive factory workers engaged in the learner occupations; cigar machine operating, 320 hours, machine stripping, 160 hours, packing (cigars retailing for 6 cents or less), 160 hours; each 65 cents per hour.

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.220 to 522.231, as amended October 26, 1950; 15 F. R. 6888).

Newton Glove Manufacturing Co., Newton, N. C., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force engaged in machine stitching operations (work gloves).

North Star Manufacturing Co., 2317 Pacific Avenue, Tacoma, Wash., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; six learners (canvas and leather-faced work gloves).

Wells Lamont Corp., Fort Morgan, Colo., effective 11-20-52 to 11-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force engaged in machine stitching operations (leather palm and all leather gloves).

Wells Lamont Corp., Eupora, Miss., effective 11-20-52 to 11-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force engaged in machine stitching operations (canton flannel work gloves).

Wells Lamont Corp., Philadelphia, Miss., effective 11-20-52 to 11-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force engaged in machine stitching operations (canton flannel work gloves).

Western Glove Co., Orting, Wash., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; six learners (canvas and leather-faced canvas gloves).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised November 19, 1951; 16 F. R. 10733).

The Bella Co., Jordan Avenue, Mount Pleasant, Tenn., effective 11-24-52 to 11-23-53; five learners.

Berkshire Knitting Mills, Andrews, N. C., effective 11-24-52 to 7-23-53; 50 learners for expansion purposes.

Berkshire Knitting Mills, Andrews, N. C., effective 11-24-52 to 11-23-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Black Mountain Hosiery Mills, Inc., Black Mountain, N. C., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; five learners.

Black Mountain Hosiery Mills, Inc., Black Mountain, N. C., effective 11-21-52 to 7-20-53; five learners.

Independent Telephone Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.82 to 522.93, as amended January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 398).

Clarke County Telephone Co., Osceola, Iowa, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Northern Ohio Telephone Co., Carey, Ohio, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Northern Ohio Telephone Co., Lodi, Ohio, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Northern Ohio Telephone Co., Loudonville, Ohio, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Northern Ohio Telephone Co., New London, Ohio, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Northern Ohio Telephone Co., Seville, Ohio, effective 11-28-52 to 11-27-53.

Thermal Belt Telephone Co., Tryon, N. C., effective 11-30-52 to 11-29-53.

Wabasha County Telephone Co., Plainview, Minn., effective 11-17-52 to 11-16-53.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952; 16 F. R. 12866).

Knitters Co., 19 East Magnolia Street, Hazleton, Pa., effective 11-29-52 to 11-28-53; four learners (infants' and children's knitted outerwear).

Oneita Knitting Mills, Andrews, S. C., effective 11-21-52 to 11-20-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force (knitted underwear).

Reidler Knitting Mills, Inc., 757 West Broad Street, Hazleton, Pa., effective 11-24-52 to 11-23-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force (cotton knit underwear).

Reliance Manufacturing Co., Beacon Factory, Loogootee, Ind., effective 11–21–52 to 11–20–53; 5 percent of the productive factory force (men's underwear shorts).

Shoe Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.250 to 522.260, as amended March 17, 1952; 17 F. R. 1500).

Auerbach Shoe Co., Lynn Street, Norway, Maine, effective 11–21–52 to 11–20–53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Middletown Footwear, Inc., Middletown, N. Y., effective 11–21–52 to 11–20–53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Windsor Shoe Co., Inc., Greencastle, Pa., effective 11–18–52 to 11–17–53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Windsor Shoe Co., Inc., Littlestown, Pa., effective 11–18–52 to 11–17–53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14).

Fabriko, Inc., Green Lake, Wis., effective 11–20–52 to 5–19–53; six learners. Learners are not authorized at subminimum wage rates in the manufacture of loafer sox. Sewing machine operators, 240 hours at 65 cents per hour (advertising caps, aprons, etc.).

Levine Bros. Bag Co., 38–46 Mill Street, Kingston, N. Y., effective 11–24–52 to 5–23–53; two learners; mending machine operators, 160 hours at 65 cents per hour (reconditioning of cotton and burlap bags).

Palm Beach Co., Danville, Ky., effective 12–6–52 to 12–5–53; 7 percent of the productive factory force; machine operators (except cutting), pressers, handsewers, each 480 hours, 65 cents per hour for the first 240 hours and 70 cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours (men's clothes).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 25th day of November 1952.

ROBT. G. GRONEWALD,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12764; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 5766]

AIR AMERICA, INC.; ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDING

NOTICE OF REASSIGNMENT OF DATE OF HEARING

In the matter of Air America, Inc., Enforcement Proceeding.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which was previously assigned to be held on December 4, 1952, is now assigned to be held on December 17, 1952, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room 4823, Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner James S. Keith.

Dated at Washington, D. C., November 28, 1952.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] FRANCIS W. BROWN,
Chief Examiner.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12797; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 5546]

DELTA AIR LINES, INC., AND CHICAGO AND SOUTHERN AIR LINES, INC.; MERGER CASE

NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

In the matter of the joint application of Delta Air Lines, Inc., and Chicago and Southern Air Lines, Inc., as amended, under sections 408, 401 (i) and 801 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, for approval of an Agreement of Merger.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that oral argument in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on December 11, 1952, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room 5042, Commerce Building, Constitution Avenue, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth Streets NW., Washington, D. C., before the Board.

Dated at Washington, D. C., November 26, 1952.

[SEAL] FRANCIS W. BROWN,
Chief Examiner.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12798; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Delegation of Authority 11, Revision 2]

DIRECTORS OF THE REGIONAL OFFICES

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO TAKE CERTAIN ACTIONS UNDER DR 1, REVISION 1

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of Price Stabilization pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105) and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 5, Revision (16 F. R. 11875) Delegation of Authority 11, Revision 2, is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby delegated to the Directors of the Regional Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to take any action provided for by Distribution Regulation 1, Revision 1, with respect to Class 2 or Class 2A slaughterers.

2. The authority hereby delegated may be redelegated to the Directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization.

3. This Delegation of Authority 11, Revision 2, supersedes Delegation of Authority 11, Revision 1, issued March 11, 1952, and all amendments thereto.

4. This delegation of authority shall take effect on November 26, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12732; Filed, Nov. 26, 1952; 11:59 a. m.]

[Delegation of Authority 86]

DIRECTORS OF THE REGIONAL OFFICES

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENTS OF CEILING PRICES OF CERTAIN SELLERS OF AUTOMOTIVE AND FARM EQUIPMENT REPAIR SERVICES UNDER SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATION 26 TO CEILING PRICE REGULATION 34

By virtue of the authority vested in the Director of Price Stabilization, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161, and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2, this delegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. *Authority to act under section 4 of SR 26 to CPR 34.* Authority is hereby delegated to the Directors of the Regional Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to process applications for adjustment filed under section 4 of Supplementary Regulation 26 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34; to issue letter orders establishing adjusted ceiling prices for automotive and farm equipment repair services covered thereby; to issue letter orders denying such applications for adjustment; and to request additional information as provided in section 4 of Supplementary Regulation 26 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34.

2. *Redelegation of authority.* The authority hereby delegated may be redelegated to the Directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization.

This delegation of authority shall take effect on December 3, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 2, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12880; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 12:18 p. m.]

CERTAIN REGIONS

LIST OF COMMUNITY CEILING PRICE ORDERS

The following orders under General Overriding Regulation were filed with the Division of the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 20, 1952.

REGION I

Manchester Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, changes the ceiling price, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the New Hampshire area excepting Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, filed 1:56 p. m.

Manchester Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, changes the ceiling price, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the New Hampshire area excepting Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, filed 1:56 p. m.

Manchester Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, changes the ceiling price, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the New Hampshire area excepting Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, filed 1:57 p. m.

Manchester Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, changes the ceiling price, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the New Hampshire area excepting Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, filed 1:57 p. m.

Manchester Order 1–G4A–2, Amendment 1, changes the ceiling price, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the New Hampshire area excepting Coos, Carroll, and Grafton Counties, filed 1:57 p. m.

Hartford Order 1–G1–1, Amendment 4, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in Hartford area No. 1, filed 1:57 p. m.

Hartford Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in Hartford area No. 1, filed 1:59 p. m.

Hartford Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in Hartford area No. 1, filed 1:59 p. m.

Hartford Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in Hartford area No. 1, filed 1:59 p. m.

Hartford Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in Hartford area No. 1, filed 2:00 p. m.

Portland Order II–G1–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the Maine area, filed 2:00 p. m.

Portland Order II–G2–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the Maine area, filed 2:01 p. m.

Portland Order II–G3–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the Maine area, filed 2:01 p. m.

Portland Order II–G4–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the Maine area, filed 2:02 p. m.

REGION II

New York Order 1–G1–2, establishing retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the New York area, filed 2:02 p. m.

New York Order 1–G2–2, establishing retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the New York area, filed 2:03 p. m.

New York Order 1–G3–2, establishing retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the New York area, filed 2:03 p. m.

New York Order 1–G4–2, establishing retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in several counties in the New York area, filed 2:04 p. m.

REGION III

Wilmington Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the Wilmington area, filed 2:04 p. m.

Wilmington Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Wilmington area, filed 2:04 p. m.

Wilmington Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Wilmington area, filed 2:05 p. m.

Wilmington Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Wilmington area, filed 2:05 p. m.

Pittsburgh Order II–G1–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Erie area, filed 2:06 p. m.

Pittsburgh Order II–G2–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Erie area, filed 2:06 p. m.

Pittsburgh Order II–G3–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Erie area, filed 2:07 p. m.

Pittsburgh Order II–G4–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Erie area, filed 2:08 p. m.

REGION IV

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G1–1, Amendment 4, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:08 p. m.

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G2–1, Amendment 4, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:08 p. m.

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G4–1, Amendment 4, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:09 p. m.

Baltimore Order 1–G3–1, Amendment 4, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the Baltimore area, filed 2:09 p. m.

Baltimore Order 1–G4–1, Amendment 4, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the Baltimore area, filed 2:09 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G3–1, Amendment 4, changes, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the Charlotte area, filed 2:10 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G4–1, Amendment 4, changes, adds and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the Charlotte area, filed 2:10 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G1–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:12 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G2–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:13 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G3–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:13 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G4–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:13 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G4A–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:14 p. m.

Charlotte Order 1–G3A–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charlotte area, filed 2:15 p. m.

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G1–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:15 p. m.

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G2–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:15 p. m.

Washington, D. C., Order 1–G4–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the District of Columbia area, filed 2:15 p. m.

Charleston Order 1–G1–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charleston area, filed 2:16 p. m.

Charleston Order 1–G2–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charleston area, filed 2:16 p. m.

Charleston Order 1–G3–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charleston area, filed 2:16 p. m.

Charleston Order 1–G4–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Charleston area, filed 2:17 p. m.

REGION V

Nashville Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Nashville area, filed 2:17 p. m.

Nashville Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Nashville area, filed 2:18 p. m.

Nashville Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Nashville area, filed 2:19 p. m.

Nashville Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Nashville area, filed 2:19 p. m.

Nashville Order 1–G4A–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Nashville area, filed 2:19 p. m.

Montgomery Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Montgomery area, filed 2:20 p. m.

Montgomery Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Montgomery area, filed 2:20 p. m.

Montgomery Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, establishing dollars-and-cents ceiling prices for certain grocery items in the Montgomery area, filed 2:20 p. m.

REGION VII

Milwaukee Order II–G1–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Green Bay area, filed 2:21 p. m.

Milwaukee Order II–G2–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Green Bay area, filed 2:21 p. m.

Milwaukee Order II–G3–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Green Bay area, filed 2:22 p. m.

Milwaukee Order II–G4–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Green Bay area, filed 2:23 p. m.

REGION VIII

Minneapolis Order 1–G1–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area, filed 2:23 p. m.

Minneapolis Order 1–G2–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area, filed 2:23 p. m.

Minneapolis Order 1–G3–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area, filed 2:24 p. m.

Minneapolis Order 1–G4–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area, filed 2:24 p. m.

Minneapolis Order 1–G4A–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Minneapolis-St. Paul area, filed 2:25 p. m.

REGION IX

Wichita Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Sedgwick County area, filed 2:25 p. m.

Kansas City Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, changes and adds certain food items for retail sales in the Kansas City area, filed 2:26 p. m.

Kansas City Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, changes and adds certain food items for retail sales in the Kansas City area, filed 2:26 p. m.

Kansas City Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, changes and adds certain food items for retail sales in the Kansas City area, filed 2:26 p. m.

Kansas City Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, changes and adds certain food items for retail sales in the Kansas City area, filed 2:26 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G1–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Des Moines area, filed 2:26 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G2–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by

retailers in the Des Moines area, filed 2:28 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G3–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the State of Iowa, filed 2:29 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G4–2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the State of Iowa, filed 2:29 p. m.

Des Moines Order II–G1–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the state of Iowa, except in the Des Moines area, filed 2:29 p. m.

Des Moines Order II–G2–1, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the state of Iowa, except in the Des Moines area, filed 2:30 p. m.

Des Moines Order II–G1–1, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the state of Iowa, except in the Des Moines area, filed 2:30 p. m.

Des Moines Order II–G2–1, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the state of Iowa, except in the Des Moines area, filed 2:31 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the Des Moines area, filed 2:31 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the Des Moines area, filed 2:31 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the state of Iowa, filed 2:32 p. m.

Des Moines Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 1, changes the price of certain food items for retail sales in the state of Iowa, filed 2:32 p. m.

REGION X

Oklahoma City Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 2, changes and deletes certain food items for retail sales in the State of Oklahoma, filed 2:32 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G1–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:33 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G2–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:33 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G3–2, Amendment 2, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:33 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G3A–2, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:33 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G4–2, Amendment 2, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:34 p. m.

Dallas Order 1–G4A–1, Amendment 1, changes certain food items for retail sales in the Dallas area, filed 2:34 p. m.

REGION XI

Cheyenne Order 1–G1–1, Amendment 2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Cheyenne area, filed 2:34 p. m.

Cheyenne Order 1–G2–1, Amendment 2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Cheyenne area, filed 2:34 p. m.

Cheyenne Order 1–G4–1, Amendment 4, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Cheyenne area, filed 2:35 p. m.

Cheyenne Order 1–G4A–1, Amendment 2, covering retail prices for certain dry grocery items sold by retailers in the Cheyenne area, filed 2:35 p. m.

Copies of any of these orders may be obtained in any OPS Office in the designated city.

JOSEPH L. DWYER,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12773; Filed, Nov. 28, 1952; 11:46 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as Amended, Supplementary Regulation 3, as Amended, Section 5, Special Order 10]

PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO.

APPROVAL OF REVISIONS ATTACHED TO LETTER TO DEALERS DATED NOVEMBER 5, 1952

Statement of considerations. This Special Order, pursuant to section 5 of Supplementary Regulation 3 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34, approves certain modifications and supplements to time allowances which appear in the Packard 1951 Flat Rate Manual which covers 1952 models.

The Director of Price Stabilization has determined from the data submitted by the publisher of the Packard 1951 Flat Rate Manual which covers 1952 models that the approval of these modifications and supplements would not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Special provisions. 1. On and after the effective date of this order, the modifications and supplements to the Packard 1951 Flat Rate Manual which covers 1952 models as covered in Packard Application #52T–34 are authorized for use in establishing the time allowances for the operations described therein.

2. The following notice must be printed or stamped in a prominent position in the publication "Approved by OPS November 26, 1952, by Special Order No. 10 issued under section 5 of SR 3 to CPR 34."

3. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, and Supplementary Regulation 3, as amended, except as changed by this Special Order shall remain in full force and effect.

4. This Special Order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended or amended at any time by the Director of Price Stabilization.

Effective date. This order shall become effective November 26, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

NOVEMBER 25, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12681; Filed, Nov. 25, 1952; 4:42 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as Amended, Supplementary Regulation 3, as Amended, Section 5, Special Order 11]

GENERAL MOTORS CORP., OLDSMOBILE DIVISION

APPROVAL OF REVISIONS ATTACHED TO LETTER TO DEALERS, DATED NOVEMBER 7, 1952

Statement of considerations. This Special Order, pursuant to section 5 of Supplementary Regulation 3 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34, approves certain modifications and supplements to time allowances which appear in the Oldsmobile 1952 Flat Rate Manual.

The Director of Price Stabilization has determined from the data submitted by the publisher of the Oldsmobile 1952 Flat Rate Manual that the approval of these modifications and supplements would not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Special provisions. 1. On and after the effective date of this order, the modifications and supplements to the Oldsmobile 1952 Flat Rate Manual as covered in Oldsmobile Application #O–1 are authorized for use in establishing the time allowances for the operations described therein.

2. The following notice must be printed or stamped in a prominent position in the publication "Approved by OPS November 26, 1952, by Special Order No. 11 issued under section 5 of SR 3 to CPR 34."

3. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, and Supplementary Regulation 3, as amended, except as changed by this Special Order shall remain in full force and effect.

4. This Special Order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended or amended at any time by the Director of Price Stabilization.

Effective date. This order shall become effective November 26, 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Director of Price Stabilization.

NOVEMBER 25, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12682; Filed, Nov. 25, 1952; 4:42 p. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E–6458]

GULF STATES UTILITIES CO.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on November 25, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered November 24, 1952, authorizing issuance of securities in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12766; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. G–1142, G–1508, G–2019 and G–2074]

UNITED GAS PIPE LINE CO.

ORDER CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDINGS, FIXING DATE OF HEARING, SPECIFYING PROCEDURE, AND PERMITTING INTERVENTION

NOVEMBER 25, 1952.

By order of October 12, 1948, at Docket No. G–1142, the Commission on its own motion, instituted an investigation for the purpose of enabling it to determine, among other things, whether any rates charged by United Gas Pipe Line Company (United) for the sale of natural gas subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission are unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory or preferential; and if, after hearing, it shall find that any such rates are unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory or preferential, to fix just, reasonable, nondiscriminatory or nonpreferential rates to be thereafter observed and in force.

By order issued October 16, 1950, at Docket No. G–1508, the Commission re-

quired United to file with the Commission in conformity with Part 154 of the Commission's general rules and regulations a tariff constituting a restatement of all its effective schedules of rates, charges, classifications, practices, regulations and contracts for the transportation or sale of natural gas subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, except as otherwise permitted by said Part, on or before January 2, 1951, or to show good cause why it should not file such a tariff.

By order issued November 30, 1950, the Commission consolidated the proceedings at Docket Nos. G–1142 and G–1508 for purposes of hearing. Later, by order issued April 25, 1951, the hearing fixed to commence upon such consolidated proceedings was postponed to a date and place to be thereafter fixed by further order of the Commission.

By its order issued August 1, 1952, at Docket No. G–2019, the Commission suspended, in part, the operation of a rate tariff—designated FPC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1—tendered for filing on July 3, 1952, by United Gas Pipe Line Company (United) so far as it related to proposed Rate Schedules PL–3, T–1, T–2, and T–3, including the applicable General Terms and Conditions together with pre-existing contract statements pertinent thereto, as well as certain proposed notices of cancellation listed in Appendix A to such order.

By its order issued October 15, 1952, at Docket No. G–2074, the Commission suspended the operation of proposed First Revised Sheet Nos. 14 and 15 to United's FPC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1; consolidated the proceeding upon the rate increase application at Docket No. G–2074 with that at Docket No. G–2019 for purposes of hearing; and ordered that a public hearing be held at a time and place and at a date to be fixed by further order of the Commission concerning the lawfulness of the rates, charges, classifications, or services, and concerning the lawfulness of proposed notices of cancellation, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as set forth in the suspended matters.

On September 22 and October 9, 1952, petitions seeking leave to intervene in the proceeding upon the rate increase application at Docket No. G–2019 were filed by Mississippi River Fuel Corporation and Southern Natural Gas Company, respectively.

It appears desirable to consolidate the rate investigation proceeding at Docket No. G–1142 and the show cause proceeding at Docket No. G–1508 with the suspension proceedings at Docket Nos. G–2019 and G–2074 so that issues raised by these various proceedings may be heard together.

The Commission finds:

(1) Good cause exists for further consolidating the proceedings at Docket Nos. G–1142 and G–1508 with the consolidated proceedings at Docket Nos. G–2019 and G–2074 for purposes of hearing.

(2) A public hearing in these proceedings should be held at the time and place and at the date hereinafter designated.

(3) It is necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions of the Natural Gas Act, and it is in the public interest, that the procedure hereinafter prescribed shall be followed at the hearing in order to conduct these proceedings with reasonable dispatch.

(4) The participation of Mississippi River Fuel Corporation and Southern Natural Gas Company in the proceeding at Docket No. G–2019 may be in the public interest.

The Commission orders:

(A) The above-entitled proceedings be and they hereby are consolidated for purposes of hearing.

(B) A public hearing be held commencing on December 15, 1952, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues raised by the proceedings and pleadings at Docket Nos. G–1142 and G–1508; concerning the lawfulness of the rates, charges, and classifications, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as set forth in Rate Schedules PL–3, T–1, T–2, and T–3, including the applicable general terms and conditions together with the pre-existing contract statements pertinent thereto, of FPC Gas Tariff, Original Volume No. 1, filed on July 3, 1952, by United Gas Pipe Line Company; concerning the lawfulness of the proposed notices of cancellation set forth in Appendix A to the order issued August 1, 1952, at Docket No. G–2019; and concerning the lawfulness of the rates, charges, and classifications, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as set forth in First Revised Sheet Nos. 14 and 15 of United's aforesaid gas tariff, and as filed at Docket No. G–2074.

(C) United Gas Pipe Line Company shall go forward first with the presentation of its evidence at Docket Nos. G–1142, G–1508, G–2019 and G–2074.

(D) After United Gas Pipe Line Company has concluded the presentation of its evidence in the consolidated dockets, other parties, including Counsel for the Staff of the Commission shall conduct as much of their cross-examination as they are then prepared to undertake. Thereafter, the Presiding Examiner shall recess the hearing to a date to be fixed by further order of the Commission, in order to permit such preparation for the remainder of their cross-examination as the facts and circumstances may warrant.

(E) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.37 (f)) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(F) Petitioners, Mississippi River Fuel Corporation and Southern Natural Gas Company, be and they are hereby permitted to become interveners in the proceeding at Docket No. G–2019, subject to the rules and regulations of the Commission: *Provided, however,* That the participation of such interveners shall be limited to matters affecting asserted rights and interests specifically set forth in such petitions for leave to intervene: and *Provided, further,* That admission of such interveners shall not be construed as recognition by the Commission that such interveners might be aggrieved because of any order of the Commission entered in the proceeding at Docket No. G–2019.

Date of issuance: November 26, 1952.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12771; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G–1710]

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE CORP.

NOTICE OF ORDER ACCEPTING AND ALLOWING RATE SCHEDULES TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on November 25, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered November 25, 1952, in the above-entitled matter, accepting and allowing rate schedules to become effective October 1, 1952, and terminating proceedings upon the submission by Transcontinental of copies of new rate schedules.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12767; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G–2020]

LONE STAR GAS CO.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDER

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on November 25, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered November 25, 1952, authorizing and approving abandonment of facilities in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12768; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G–2037]

PANHANDLE EASTERN PIPE LINE CO.

ORDER PERMITTING WITHDRAWAL OF PETITION FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE AND FIXING DATE OF HEARING

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

On September 2, 1952, Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Company (Applicant), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Kansas City, Missouri, filed an application, amended on October 10, 1952, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas transmission pipeline facilities, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, for the purpose of increasing the capacity of its so-called Peoria lateral in Illinois, all as more fully described in said application, as amended, on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Temporary authorizations to construct and operate the facilities described in the application, as amended, were granted by the Commission on September 24 and November 6, 1952.

On September 29, 1952, Illinois Power Company filed a petition seeking leave to intervene in this proceeding, but subsequently, on October 30, 1952, requested withdrawal of such petition.

The Commission finds:

(1) Good cause has been shown by Illinois Power Company for the withdrawal of its petition to intervene.

(2) This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, Applicant having requested that its application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by the aforesaid rule for noncontested proceedings and no pending request to be heard, protest or petition having been timely filed subsequent to the giving of due notice of the filing of the application including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on September 13, 1952 (17 F. R. 8280).

(3) It is reasonable and in the public interest and good cause exists for fixing the date of hearing in this proceeding less than 15 days after publication of this order in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The Commission orders:

(A) The petition of Illinois Power Company for leave to intervene in this proceeding be and it is hereby withdrawn.

(B) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing be held on December 15, 1952, at 9:45 a. m., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issued presented by such application, as amended: *Provided, however,* That the Commission may after a noncontested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(C) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: November 26, 1952.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52–12770; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. IT–5460]

MONTANA-DAKOTA UTILITIES CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO EXPORT ELECTRIC ENERGY

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of section 202 (e) of the Federal Power Act, 16 U. S. C. 824a, Montana-Dakota Utilities Co., on November 24, 1952, filed with the Federal Power Commission an application for authorization by the Commission to transmit energy over facilities authorized by Permit signed by the President of the United States on May 18, 1942, from points in the State of North Dakota to points in the Province of Saskatchewan, Dominion of Canada, not to exceed per annum the quantities and not in excess of the rates indicated to the points as follows:

At North Portal: 150,000 kilowatt-hours at rate of 60 kilowatts.

At North Gate: 20,000 kilowatt-hours at rate of 10 kilowatts.

At Elmore: 2,000 kilowatt-hours at rate of 5 kilowatts.

At Marienthal: 4,000 kilowatt-hours at rate of 10 kilowatts.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to the application should on or before December 17, 1952, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52–12765; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project No. 516]

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING REVISED EXHIBIT K–1 AS PART OF LICENSE

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on November 25, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered November 20, 1952, approving revised Exhibit K–1 as part of license in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52–12769; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 27578]

SUPERPHOSPHATE FROM OMAHA AND SOUTH OMAHA, NEBR., TO DENVER, COLO.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. J. Hennings, Alternate Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. A–3600.

Commodities involved: Superphosphate, other than ammoniated, carloads.

From: Omaha and South Omaha, Nebr.

To: Denver, Colo.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. J. Hennings' I. C. C. No. A–3600, Supp. 146.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52–12786; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27579]

RUBBER TIRES FROM MEMPHIS, TENN., TO ROME, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1324, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 16101.

Commodities involved: Rubber tires and parts, carloads.

From: Memphis, Tenn.

To: Rome, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and operation through higher-rated territory.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 52–12787; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27580]

SAND, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE FROM CAYUGA, TERRE HAUTE, KERN, AND GREENCASTLE, IND., TO CHARLESTON, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. G. Raasch, Agent, for The New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company and The New York Central Railroad Company.

Commodities involved: Sand, gravel, and crushed stone, carloads.

From: Cayuga, Terre Haute, Kern, and Greencastle, Ind.

To: Charleston, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Wayside pit competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: NYC&StL RR. I. C. C. No. 6034, Supp. 85; NYC RR. I. C. C. No. 1198, Supp. 38; NYC RR. I. C. C. No. 176, Supp. 361.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12788; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27581]

GROUND RICE HULLS BETWEEN POINTS IN SOUTHWEST AND SOUTH

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Ground rice hulls, carloads.

Between: Points in the Southwest, including Mississippi River crossings, Memphis, Tenn., and south thereof.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 4037, Supp. 2.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12789; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27582]

CEMENT FROM KNOXVILLE, TENN., TO MURPHY, N. C.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 28, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: The Southern Railway Company.

Commodities involved: Cement and related articles, carloads.

From: Knoxville, Tenn.

To: Murphy, N. C.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1244, Supp. 26.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12790; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

RENEGOTIATION BOARD

STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION

REGIONAL BOARDS

The Statement of Organization published in the issue of February 13, 1952 (F. R. Doc. 52-1774; 17 F. R. 1400), as heretofore amended, is hereby further amended by deleting section 3 (b) in its entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

(b) The Board has created six regional boards with authority to conduct renegotiation proceedings in cases assigned to them. Each of the regional boards is composed of a chairman and four members. After the Board determines that a contractor should be assigned for renegotiation, the case is assigned to a regional board selected according to its proximity, its relative work load, and its experience and special skills. The locations of the regional boards are as follows:

LOCATION

(1) Boston Regional Renegotiation Board, 140 Federal Street, Boston 10, Mass.

(2) Chicago Regional Renegotiation Board, 219 South Clark Street, Chicago 4, Ill.

(3) Detroit Regional Renegotiation Board, David Broderick Tower Building, 10 Witherell Street, Detroit 26, Mich.

(4) Los Angeles Regional Renegotiation Board, 5505 Hollywood Boulevard, Los Angeles 28, Calif.

(5) New York Regional Renegotiation Board, John Wanamaker Building, 70 East Tenth Street, New York 3, N. Y.

(6) Washington Regional Renegotiation Board, Rizik Building, 1737 L Street NW., Washington 25, D. C.

Dated: November 26, 1952.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12760; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION

[Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, Notification 6, Revocation]

PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT IN THE BROCKTON, MASS., AREA

NOTIFICATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Labor has notified the Surplus Manpower Committee that Brockton, Massachusetts, is no longer classified as a Group IV, surplus labor area, and is now classified as a Group III area. Therefore, in accordance with the standards established by the Secretary of Labor under section III, paragraph 2 of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, the certification of this area has been withdrawn.

The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration are hereby notified that preference in the placement of Government contracts, in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, should no longer be given

to the above named area. Effective immediately Notification 6 is revoked.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION,
HENRY H. FOWLER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12840; Filed, Dec. 1, 1952; 3:59 p. m.]

[Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, Notification 18, Revocation]

PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT IN THE IONIA-BELDING-GREENVILLE MICH., AREA

NOTIFICATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Labor has notified the Surplus Manpower Committee that Ionia-Belding-Greenville, Michigan, is no longer classified as a Group IV, surplus labor area, and is now an unclassified area. Therefore, in accordance with the standards established by the Secretary of Labor under section III, paragraph 2 of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, the certification of this area has been withdrawn.

The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration are hereby notified that preference in the placement of Government contracts, in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, should no longer be given to the above named area. Effective immediately Notification 18 is revoked.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION,
HENRY H. FOWLER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12841; Filed, Dec. 1, 1952; 3:59 p. m.]

[Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, Notification 23, Revocation]

PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT IN THE PORT HURON, MICH., AREA

NOTIFICATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Labor has notified the Surplus Manpower Committee that Port Huron, Michigan, is no longer classified as a Group IV, surplus labor area, and is now an unclassified area. Therefore, in accordance with the standards established by the Secretary of Labor under section III, paragraph 2 of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, the certification of this area has been withdrawn.

The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration are hereby notified that preference in the placement of Government contracts, in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, should no longer be given to the above named area. Effective immediately Notification 23 is revoked.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION,
HENRY H. FOWLER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12842; Filed, Dec. 1, 1952; 3:59 p. m.]

[Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, Notification 43, Revocation]

PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT IN THE RICHMOND, IND., AREA

NOTIFICATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Labor has notified the Surplus Manpower Committee that Richmond, Indiana, is no longer classified as a Group IV, surplus labor area, and is now an unclassified area. Therefore, in accordance with the standards established by the Secretary of Labor under section III, paragraph 2 of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, the certification of this area has been withdrawn.

The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration are hereby notified that preference in the placement of Government contracts, in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, should no longer be given to the above named area. Effective immediately Notification 43 is revoked.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION,
HENRY H. FOWLER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12843; Filed, Dec. 1, 1952; 3:59 p. m.]

[Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, Notification 44, Revocation]

PLACEMENT OF PROCUREMENT IN THE LA CROSSE, WIS., AREA

NOTIFICATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

The Department of Labor has notified the Surplus Manpower Committee that La Crosse, Wisconsin, is no longer classified as a Group IV, surplus labor area, and is now an unclassified area. Therefore, in accordance with the standards established by the Secretary of Labor under section III, paragraph 2 of Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, the certification of this area has been withdrawn.

The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration are hereby notified that preference in the placement of Government contracts, in accordance with Defense Manpower Policy No. 4, should no longer be given to the above named area. Effective immediately Notification 44 is revoked.

OFFICE OF DEFENSE MOBILIZATION,
HENRY H. FOWLER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12844; Filed, Dec. 1, 1952; 4:00 p. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 54–202]

ALABAMA POWER CO. ET AL.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER COMMUNICATION TO BE SENT TO STOCKHOLDERS

NOVEMBER 26, 1952.

In the matter of Alabama Power Company, Birmingham Electric Company, and the Southern Company; File No. 54–202.

The Commission on October 21, 1952, having entered its order approving a plan filed by Alabama Power Company ("Alabama") and Birmingham Electric Company ("Birmingham"), and joined in by the Southern Company, pursuant to section 11 (e) of the act, proposing, inter alia, the merger of Alabama and Birmingham; and

The Commission by said order having reserved jurisdiction over the communication to be sent to the stockholders of Birmingham, at or about the effective date of the plan, advising them of their rights under the plan; and

Said plan, on November 26, 1952, having been approved and ordered enforced by the United States District Court for the Northern District of Alabama; and

Birmingham having advised the Commission that said plan is to become effective on December 1, 1952, and having submitted the definitive communication to be sent to its stockholders at or about such effective date advising them of their rights under the plan; and

The Commission having examined said communication, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and the interests of investors to release the jurisdiction heretofore reserved herein with respect to such communication:

It is hereby ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the communication to be sent the stockholders of Birmingham advising them of their rights under the plan be, and the same hereby is, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52–12772; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

[Vesting Order 19069]

MRS. GEORGE F. MEYER ET AL.

In re: Interest in real property owned by Mrs. George F. Meyer and others. D–28–7437.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1–40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mrs. George F. Meyer, Mrs. Kate Wartman and Mrs. Louisa Isemann, also known as Mrs. Louisa Isenann, each of whose last known address is Seefelden, Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were residents of Germany and are, and prior to January 1, 1947, were, nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Mrs. Carl Meyer, deceased, who

there is reasonable cause to believe on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were residents of Germany are, and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the property described as follows: An undivided three-fourths (¾ths) interest in certain real property situated in the County of McLennan, State of Texas, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Mrs. Carl Meyer, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That the national interest of the United States requires that the persons named in subparagraph 1 and referred to in subparagraph 2 be treated as persons who are and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

All that certain tract or parcel of land in McLennan County, Texas, the same being Ten acres out of the G. W. Humphreys survey on the waters of the South Bosque and better described as follows:

Beginning at Ernest Bickel's NE. corner, which is 326$^{93}/_{100}$ varas N. 60 E. from the NW. corner of said G. W. Humphreys survey; Thence S. 30 E. with Ernest Bickel's East line 1554 varas to Ernest Bickel's SE. corner; Thence N. 60 E. 36⅓ varas to SE. corner of this; Thence N. 30 W. 1554 varas to NE. corner of this; Thence S. 60 W. 36⅓ varas to the beginning, and being ten acres off of the West side of the 63 acres conveyed to J. F. Bickel by J. O. Winkler and wife January 1st, 1904.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12799; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19070]

MINNA BRANDT AND HENRICH BRANDT

In re: Rights of Minna Brandt, a/k/a Wilma Schmidt, and Henrich Brandt under Insurance Contract. File No. F-28-32013-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Minna Brandt, a/k/a Wilma Schmidt, whose last known address is Hettstedt, Sudharz Bahnhof str. 1, Germany, Russian Zone, and Henrich Brandt, whose last known address is Kirchwalside, Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were residents of Germany and are, and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 7871150 issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Minna Brandt, and any and all other benefits and rights of any kind or character whatsoever under or arising out of said contract of insurance except those of Minna Stechmann, a resident of the United States, and of the aforesaid New York Life Insurance Company, together with the right to demand, enforce, receive and collect the same is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Minna Brandt, a/k/a Wilma Schmidt, and Henrich Brandt, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof be treated as persons who are and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "nationals" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12800; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19071]

WILLIAM C. HAISCH

In re: Rights of William C. Haisch under Insurance Contract. File No. F-28-30631-H-3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That William C. Haisch, whose last known address is Hohnweiler Post Lippoldsweiler, Kreisbacknang, Wuerttbg., U. S. Zone 14-A, Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a resident of Germany and is, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Certificate of Membership No. 141776 issued by the Aid Association for Lutherans, Appleton, Wisconsin, to William C. Haisch, and any and all other benefits and rights of any kind or character whatsoever under or arising out of said contract of insurance except those of Emma Haisch, a resident of the United States, and of the aforesaid Aid Association for Lutherans, together with the right to demand, enforce, receive and collect the same is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by William C. Haisch, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof be treated as a person who is and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or other-

wise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "nationals" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12801; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19072]

CERTAIN UNKNOWN GERMAN NATIONALS

In re: Bank account owned by German nationals whose names are unknown. F-28-32022.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons who own the property described in subparagraph 2 hereof, whose names are unknown and who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were residents of Germany and which if partnerships, corporations, associations or other business organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were organized under the laws of and had their principal places of business in Germany are, and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of the Aetna State Bank, 2375 Lincoln Avenue, Chicago 14, Illinois, arising out of an account entitled Hansa Charity Fund, maintained at the aforesaid bank and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the persons referred to in subparagraph 1 hereof, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the persons referred to in subparagraph 1 hereof, be treated as persons who are and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12802; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19073]

ROSANNA HAHN

In re: Debt owing to Rosanna Hahn. F-28-31495.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Rosanna Hahn, whose last known address is Madau, Hauptstr. 12, Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a resident of Germany and is, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation evidenced by a check drawn by the City Bank Farmers Trust Company, 22 William Street, New York 15, New York, dated March 13, 1941, numbered T19764, payable to Rosanna Hahn, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debt or other obligation, and any and all rights in and under said check,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Rosanna Hahn, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof be treated as a person who is and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12803; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19074]

COUNTESS MARIA LANCKORONSKA

In re: Interest in bank account owned by Countess Maria Lanckoronska, also known as Countess Maria Lanchoronska. F-28-2151.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Countess Maria Lanckoronska, also known as Countess Maria Lanchoronska, whose last known address is 34 Neumann Strasse, Frankfort Algemeine, Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a resident of Germany and is, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: A one-fourth interest in that certain debt or other obligation of the Irving Trust Company, One Wall Street, New York 15, New York, arising out of an account in the name of the Union Bank of Switzerland, Zurich, Switzerland, Identified Dual Nationals maintained with the aforesaid Company, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect said one-fourth interest,

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Countess Maria Lanckoronska, also known as Countess Maria Lanchoronska, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That the national interest of the United States requires that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, be treated as a person who is and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12804; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 19075]

CLARA MUSMAN

In re: Securities owned by and debts owing to Clara Musman. D-28-8604.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended (50 U. S. C. App. and Sup. 1-40); Public Law 181, 82d Congress, 65 Stat. 451; Executive Order 9193, as amended by Executive Order 9567 (3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.); Executive Order 9788 (3 CFR, 1946 Supp.) and Executive Order 9989 (3 CFR, 1948 Supp.), and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Clara Musman, whose last known address is Germany, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a resident of Germany and is, and prior to January 1, 1947, was a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Clara Musman, who there is reasonable cause to believe, on or since December 11, 1941, and prior to January 1, 1947, were residents of Germany are, and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the property described as follows:

a. One (1) share of $10.00 par value capital stock of St. Joseph Lead Company, 250 Park Avenue, New York 17, New York, evidenced by certificate numbered AO22615, registered in the name of Charles A Cordes, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. All rights and interests in and under one (1) Scrip Certificate, numbered S-1629, for one-fourth (¼) share of $10.00 par value capital stock of St. Joseph Lead Company, 250 Park Avenue, New York 17, New York, issued in bearer form,

c. Three (3) shares of common stock of Republic National Gas Company, c/o Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, 231 South La Salle Street, Chicago 90, Illinois, evidenced by certificate numbered MC31734, registered in the name of Charles A. Cordes, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

d. Thirty-nine (39) shares of common stock of American General Corporation, c/o Transfer General Corporation, 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City 2, New Jersey, evidenced by certificate numbered CO95291, registered in the name of Charles A. Cordes, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

e. Those certain debts or other obligations evidenced by four (4) checks issued by Republic Natural Gas Company and drawn on the Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company, said checks payable to Charles A. Cordes, numbered, dated and in the amounts set forth below:

Check No.	Date	Amount
16049	Oct. 25, 1950	$3.00
19939	Apr. 25, 1951	3.60
24123	Oct. 25, 1951	1.80
28156	Apr. 25, 1952	2.25

together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debts or other obligations, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and any and all rights in and under said checks, and

f. That certain debt or other obligation evidenced by a check, numbered C-13, dated August 30, 1950, in the amount of $13.00, issued by the American General Corporation, drawn on the First National Bank of New Jersey, and payable to Charles A. Cordes, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or other obligation and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and any and all rights in and under said check

is property which is and prior to January 1, 1947, was within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Clara Musman and the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Clara Musman, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That the national interest of the United States requires that the persons referred to in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof be treated as persons who are and prior to January 1, 1947, were nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12805; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

ERNA KRUGER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Erna Kruger, also known as Ernestina Krueger, Berlin, Germany; Claim No. 41803; $1,001.93 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 26, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] ROWLAND F. KIRKS,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-12806; Filed, Dec. 2, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]